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Third

ANNUAL REPORT

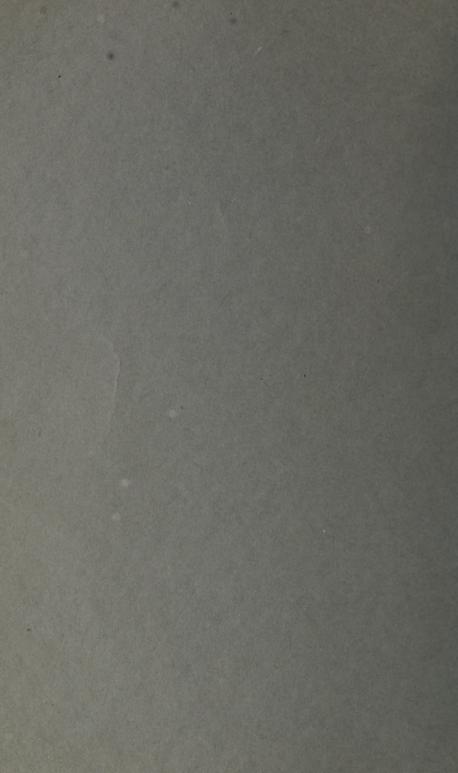
OF

1916/17



The

Canadian Northern '' 'Railway System



THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

of the

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

of

The Canadian Northern Railway System

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

BOARD OF DIRECTO	105
SIR WILLIAM MACKENZIE	
SIR DONALD MANN	
Mr. Z. A. Lash, K.C., LL.D.	. " "
HON. FREDERIC NICHOLLS	
Mr. R. M. HORNE-PAYNE	London, Eng.
Mr. R. J. Mackenzie	Toronto, Ont.
Mr. E. R. Wood	46 66
Mr. D. B. Hanna	"
Mr. W. K. George	. " "
Mr. W. J. Christie	Winnipeg, Man.
	Kingston, Ont.

GENERAL OFFICERS

	HILL OTTTONIES
SIR WILLIAM MACKEN	NZIEPresident
SIR DONALD MANN	Vice-President
Mr. D. B. HANNA	Vice-President Third Vice-President
Mr. Z. A. Lash, K.C.,	LL.DSenior Counsel
HON. F. H. PHIPPEN.	K.C. General Counsel
	Gen'l Mgr., Western Lines
Mr. S. J. Hungerford	Gen'l Mgr., Eastern Lines
Mr. W. H. Moore	Secretary
Mr. GERARD RUEL	Secretary Chief Solicitor
Mr. Geo. H. SHAW	General Traffic Manager
Mr. L. W. MITCHELL.	Treasurer
Mr. Lewis Lukes	General Traffic Manager Treasurer Assistant to President
Mr. A. I. MITCHELL	Assistant to Vice-President
MR. R. C. VAUGHAN	Assistant to Third Vice-President
Mr A. I. HILLS	Assistant to Executive
Mr. R. P. Ormsby	Assistant Secretary
MR C E FRIEND	Assistant Secretary General Auditor
MR I D MORTON	Assistant Comptroller
	Registrar
MR I R CAMERON	Assistant General Manager
Mp D R CAMPBELL	Assistant General Manager
Mp A F WADDEN	Assistant to General Manager
Mp A F WILCOX	Conoral Superintendent
MR W A BROWN	General Superintendent General Superintendent
MR W A KINGGIANI	Cananal Superintendent
Mp D COMPTE	General Superintendent
Mp I RAIN	General Superintendent
Mr E E Chryso	General Superintendent
MIR. E. F. SEIXAS	Manager, Electric Lines, etc.

LONDON (ENGLAND) OFFICES ORIENT HOUSE, NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C. 2.

Mr. R.	M.		Director representin	
		the	Company in Europ	e
MR. H.	W.	HARDING	Local Secretar	v

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

To the Shareholders:-

The Board of Directors herewith submit their report for the year ended June 30th, 1917.

The results of the operations of the System for the year are as follows:—

Gross Earnings-

From Passenger Traffic From Freight Traffic From Express, Mail, Telegraph, Interest and Profits from Elevators and other	\$ 7,611,807.94 32,188,799.93
Subsidiary Companies, Investments, etc.	3,694,468.69
The second of th	\$43,495,076.56
Working Expenses (including Taxes, etc.)	31,349,408.18
Net Earnings	\$12,145,668.38
Deduct— Interest Charges	14,607,805.35
Net Deficit	\$2,462,136.97

Miles In Operation: The average mileage operated throughout the year was 9,396 miles as compared with 8,048 miles for the previous year; the total mileage in operation at the close of the fiscal year being 9,433.4 miles, an increase of 137.4 miles over the mileage in operation at June 30th, 1916.

Earnings: The gross earnings amount to \$43,495, 076.56, an increase of \$8,018,801.50, or 22.6 per cent., and the gross earnings per mile of line operated are \$4,629.11 compared with \$4,408.08 the previous year.

Net earnings show an increase of \$2,772,137.84, or

29.57 per cent., and net earnings per mile of line operated are \$1,292.64, compared with \$1,164.70 the previous year.

Traffic:

The statement of freight carried shows, with one exception, an increase in the tonnage of all commodities handled. Revenue tonnage increased by 8.151%—the average hauf increased by 30.93 miles. Grain is the only commodity which shows a decrease, viz., 1,258,048 bushels less than last year. This is not due to any competitive loss, but from a decrease in total yield as foreshadowed in last year's report. As the increase in grain handled in 1916 over 1915 was 125.31%, and as the increase of 1917 over 1915 is 123.2%, and as the total tonnage of grain and flour handled in the year is greater, no anxiety is felt by your Directors on this feature, especially when the increases in all other commodities are considered. The advantage of a diversified distribution of traffic is shown by the slight increase in the ton mile rate, which advanced from .675 in 1916 to .683 in 1917, computed on the basis referred to on page 12.

It is worthy of note that not since 1912 has the annual commodity statement shown so many cars of immigrants' effects handled as appeared for the fiscal year under review.

European immigration is for the present discontinued and these figures represent the movement of settlers—from Eastern Provinces to some extent, but more largely from the United States—of the most valuable type from a traffic producing point of view, as home-seekers from these fields invariably bring to the country a large equipment, enabling them to become shippers in a comparatively short time.

Coal traffic from the Drumheller District in Alberta is showing a very satisfactory development, the returns for the last six months of the calendar year showing an increase in tonnage of 139%, the total for the six months of 1917 being 329,552 tons, compared with 137,997 tons for the same period of 1916. The coal from this section is being used in a rapidly widening field with correspondingly increasing revenue for your System.

The territories served by your Western lines continue to show most promising progress in the production of live stock, including hogs and sheep. This is reflected by the substantial increases in the number of head of cattle brought over your lines to the Winnipeg market. For twelve months of the last calendar year the returns of the Winnipeg market show that the Canadian Northern brought in to that market a very large proportion of the total receipts, namely:—of cattle 42.6%, of hogs 33.4%, and of sheep 36.3%. In the same period the number of head of cattle brought into the

Winnipeg Market by the Canadian Northern Railway increased from 63.004 to 120,345 or 91.01%.

The fact that mixed farming is being more and more actively engaged in by farmers along your lines in the West, (concurrently with the extension of grain growing areas) is a source of satisfaction to your Directors due to the more permanent nature of such operations. Evidence of this is also seen in the shipment of butter and eggs from the Prairie Provinces to Eastern Canada. In former years there was a substantial movement of these commodities from the East to the far West. The following figures for Manitoba indicate the changing situation:—

Output of creamery butter increased by 951,846 pounds, the total for the year being 7,500,000 pounds. There were exported 90 carloads, or 2,000,000 pounds, whereas in 1912 Manitoba imported 55 carloads of butter for local use.

Cheese production increased by 213,159 pounds, the total for the year being 1,093,887 pounds.

The increase in dairy production in Manitoba, while general, is most notable between Lakes Winnipeg and Manitoba in the territory served by your lines, from which section also the System obtains a very large and rapidly growing milk traffic.

The position with reference to passenger business shows steady progress. While incomplete terminals at Montreal and Vancouver have prevented the inauguration of the main transcontinental services, the Toronto-Vancouver tri-weekly trains in each direction continue to show satisfactory results. The increase in passenger train earnings (of steam operated lines) over last year's figures was 25.52%, and in the number of passengers carried the increase was 15.12%. With the completion of the terminals already referred to and the establishment of a daily service from Coast to Coast, your Directors have every reason to expect a very substantial and profitable addition to the passenger revenue.

Expenses: The working expenses were 74.77% of the gross earnings of the System proper, and including taxes 72.08% of the gross earnings from all sources, compared with 74.73% and 73.58% respectively last year.

The fiscal year under review was a very trying one to railway officials generally, due to the many conditions which combined to increase the working expenses of the railway.

Early in the fiscal year the coal situation caused your operating officers the greatest concern. In Alberta the coal miners went on strike for three of the best production months, greatly reducing the available supply. Strikes and suspension of work by the coal miners in the Pennsylvania and other fields on which Canadian railways depend for their supply from Quebec to the Midwest greatly limited the output. Many munition plants had increased their operations during the year, and were making additional demands for steam coal. The transfer of lake tonnage to the Atlantic affected the amount of coal regularly obtainable from lake ports, and it was only by the most energetic measures that a supply could be obtained. Under such conditions the price of fuel coal soared upwards-not only was the initial cost increased, but all other costs, such as lake freights, cost of handling, etc., also went up, and, due to the dislocation of the supply, large expense was incurred in abnormal rail movements over the System's lines. Company was fortunate in having unfilled contracts for coal, under which practically all their requirements were obtained, and for this reason did not have to pay the largely increased prices which were put into effect early in the calendar year. Beginning with July 1st, 1917, net operating figures have been seriously disturbed on this account—not due alone to the much higher price now being paid for fuel coal, but also due to the falling off in the quality of coal obtainable. The prospect for immediate improvement in this respect is not reassuring.

All other materials have been similarly affected. The cost of the principal supplies in use by the railway has increased from 50% to over 100%.

A few actual increases are as follows:-

Commodity.	Price in 1916.	Price in 1917.	% Inc.
Coal, per ton	\$ 3.56	\$ 5.70	60.11
Steel Rail, per ton	35.00	60.00	71.43
Track Spikes, per cwt	2.50	4.50	80.00
Angle Bars, per cwt	1.65	3.50	112.12
Brass Castings	25.50	39.15	53.53
Iron and Soft Steel Bar	rs 2.20	3.77	71.14
Steel and Iron Sheets.	2.30	3.50	52.17

Lumber and timber increased 25% and all rubber supplies about 70%. Not only were prices high, but it was in many cases often impossible to obtain the required materials at any price. Since the close of the fiscal year, the above prices have shown further increases.

The cost of living also increased. This was seized upon by every class of labour employed by the Railway as a ground on which to make demands for increased wages. On the top of this there developed a great shortage of unskilled labour, which was particularly felt in the maintenance of way department.

Under such conditions it is remarkable that operating expenses only increased by \$5,246,663.66, or 20.10%. But, in order that there may be no misunderstanding about the matter, it is stated that due to the shortage of labour, work considered necessary and desirable could not be undertaken, and must therefore only be considered as deferred, and this situation is aggravated to the extent that from the expenditure incurred for labour due to these conditions, less value is obtained for every dollar paid out. The operating ratio, in the face of these abnormal conditions, was maintained at the same percentage as last year. Only by the exercise of the strictest supervision of operating expenses and application of the most efficient methods by our operating officials, was this made possible.

Land Sales: Land sales during the year were 17,654 acres for \$314,720.02, an average of \$17.82 per acre, compared with an average of \$16.37 for the preceding year. During the same period sales aggregating 16,227 acres previously entered into were by mutual agreement cancelled, so that the acreage of land available for sale has been decreased by 1,427 acres, leaving a total of 841,700 acres unsold.

Car Trusts: Car Trust obligations were created to the extent of \$1,250,000.00 for the purchase of cars of different kinds. During the year \$3,266,000.00 was repaid in respect of previous obligations, thus making a net decrease on this account for the year of \$2,016,000.00.

Application for Increased Rates: During the year an application was made to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada by the principal Canadian Railway Companies for authority to increase their freight and passenger rates as a necessary measure to offset rapidly increasing wage bills and cost of materials of all kinds.

The specific increases asked for were:-

Increase of 15 cents per ton on all commercial coal rates.

15% increase on all other freight rates.

15% increase on passenger fares.

On December 26th, 1917, the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada issued an order allowing increases referred to below, but, owing to opposition from various

interests, the matter was delayed pending appeal to the Governor-in-Council. As later ordered by the Board, the increased rates were to take effect from the 1st of February except that increased rates on wheat were deferred until June 1st, 1918. On March 15th the Governor-in-Council issued an order confirming the order of the Board but limiting its effect to one year after the war.

The increases allowed are estimated to amount to approximately 7% on the System's passenger revenue, and to 10% on the System's Freight revenue proper, that is, exclusive of earnings from services supplementary to and grouped in this report as earnings from Passenger and Freight Traffic. On these supplementary service earnings no increases apply; therefore, on a full year's operations the total additional revenue from the increases in rates is estimated to be about nine per cent. on the System's total earnings from Passenger and Freight Traffic.

Due to the date on which the increased rates take effect, very little benefit will be obtained therefrom during the present fiscal year. The operating results of Canadian Railways since July 1917, show that the slightly higher rates now authorized, will not offset the increases in the railway's operating expenses which have taken place, and which continue to occur month by month. If these increased rates had been put into effect earlier, they would have been particularly valuable as partly offsetting the abnormal weather conditions which have prevailed on this continent during the winter months and which have been the worst in the history of the Company.

Report of Messrs. Loomis and Platten: Early in the year 1916 your Directors had negotiations with a strong financial group, having in view the financing of the Company's securities, and the providing of additional funds to complete its construction and betterment programme. a preliminary to the carrying out of the negotiations, the representatives of the group agreed with the Company to ask Mr. Edward E. Loomis, President of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, New York, and Mr. John W. Platten, President, United States Mortgage and Trust Company, to report on the general undertaking of the System. It was recognized by everyone that a report by men of such personal stability, and of the highest standing in railway and financial circles, would be accepted as evidence, beyond question, with respect to the System's undertaking. Messrs. Loomis and Platten undertook this commission, and employed as consulting engineers the well-known New York firm of Messrs. Coverdale & Colpitts. An inspection from Coast to Coast was made by Messrs. Loomis and Platten, and Mr.

W. H. Coverdale, Consulting Engineer, accompanied by officers of the Company. For the best part of a year detailed examinations were made, not only into the physical properties of the System, but also into the general conditions in Canada as affecting railway matters, especially those relating to traffic development in and adjacent to the territory served by your Company's lines.

The report which was received in March 1917 is most exhaustive and illuminating, and goes extensively into every department of railroad construction and operation. It is impossible to make more than the briefest references to the report here, but the following quotation from the introductory statement will be of interest as showing its general tenor:—

"Insofar as the physical property is concerned there can be no question as to the ability of the Canadian Northern to meet competition, as the railway is well located and well built; its transcontinental main line grades over practically its entire route are the most favourable in existence; and under a normally developed traffic density the railway should operate at a ratio previously unknown, and at enormous profit."

These remarks, occurring as they do in a summary of the whole situation, afforded considerable satisfaction to your Directors, as it is a clear endorsement by unquestionably high financial experts, of the deliberate policy of your Directors during the twenty odd years which have elapsed since the inception of the Canadian Northern Railway lines.

Reference was made in last year's report to the advantage to be obtained from the construction of a line from Toronto to the Niagara Frontier. The opinion which your Directors have held for some years past that this line is a necessary complement to the Canadian Northern System, is very strikingly confirmed by the report made by Messrs. Loomis and Platten, who, in dealing with this subject, refer to the matter in the following terms:—

"The existing inadequate transportation service via the frontier lines is detrimental to Canada. The Niagara line is therefore greatly needed for the further development of the Dominion facilities as a whole, as well as to connect the Canadian Northern main line with the City of Hamilton, with its St. Catharines line,

with United States railroads, and with the intermediate manufacturing districts.

"The construction of this line should produce profitable returns from both freight and passenger traffic, because it will afford favourable facilities for Canadian interchange not now enjoyed by certain important United States railroads."

Purchase of Capital Stock by Government: Under an Act of Parliament of Canada passed at its last Session, authority was given to the Government of Canada to acquire all the capital stock of the Company upon certain terms, with which you, as shareholders, will be fully familiar. Provisions are also embodied in the Act authorizing the Government to assist the Company in respect of its financial obligations.

The action which the Government is taking under the above legislation will preserve the corporate existence of the parent, constituent, and subsidiary companies, and the rights of the security holders will not be changed.

Operating Statistics: Your attention is drawn to the form in which the statistical information is shown in this report. A three-year comparison table is given, and in the general statistics relating to Passenger Traffic, Freight Traffic, Train Mileage and Expenses per Traffic Train Mile, the operations of the Niagara, St. Catharines & Toronto Railway are not included but are shown separately.

This is better for comparative purposes and your Directors feel that the progress made as shown by these statistics indicates the benefits to be expected in future years by the continued operation of your lines as a transcontinental system.

General: The Company's colonization work in Northern Ontario made considerable progress during the fiscal year. The making of railway ties for the System's use is one of the activities from which a substantal benefit will be derived.

Notwithstanding the abnormal cost of work of all kinds, your Directors have continued the construction work on the Montreal and Vancouver terminals. The scarcity of labour and materials has considerably delayed completion of the works, but it is confidently expected that facilities at both these points will be completed and ready for service before the end of the year.

In line with the changes made by other Railway Com-

panies, the fiscal year of the Company has been changed to run concurrently with the calendar year instead of ending at June 30th.

Your Directors are pleased to embody in this report reference to the fine spirit shown by officials and employees in loyally supporting the recent Victory Loan.

During the year the ranks of the System's employees have been further depleted by a large number of voluntary enlistments, making a very large number of employees in the service of the Empire for the great cause.

The Directors feel that they have special cause to acknowledge the faithful efficient services of officials and employees, to whom thanks are hereby accorded.

CONDENSED GENERAL

At 30th

ASSETS

PROPERTY INVESTMENT—Railway and Equipment at Cost to the System, including discount on Securities of Constituent and Subsidiary Companies and Acquired Securities per Statement on pages Nos. 18 and 19 OTHER INVESTMENTS (At Cost) NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY CERTIFICATES—Re Land Grant Bonds, Issue 1899. These Securities held as Collateral to		\$506,960,975.01 2,753,780.19
Terminal and Other Properties		1,657,500.00 6,102,379.67
LAND ASSETS— Deferred Payments and Accrued Interest on Sales Cash with National Trust Company Account of Land Sales Lands Unsold	\$ 6,728,160.49 2,320,274.39 19,914,060.00	20.062.404.02
Current Assets— Cash held on account of— Dominion Government Province of Manitoba Province of Saskatchewan Province of Alberta Province of Ontario Province of British Columbia Central Trust Company of New York National Trust Company British Empire Trust Company, Trustees Account Sinking Funds	2,470,049.27 45,920.63 1,202,825.24 2,691,130.52 419,803.94 4,404,501.23 141,308.13 489,333.42 1,696,152.09 76,765.07	28,962,494.88
Value of Material and Supplies on hand (Book figures) Due from Agents, Station Balances, etc Miscellaneous Accounts Receivable British Admiralty Cash on Hand	3,694,856.81 2,008,428.00 7,090,284.44 664,070.84 2,990,294.46	
		30,085,724.09 415,121.19
Advances by the Canadian Northern Rail-		415,121.19
WAY COMPANY TO AFFILIATED COMPANIES		9,320,714.15
DEFERRED CHARGES—UNADJUSTED DEBITS— BALANCE		362,961.47
		\$586,621,650.65

BALANCE SHEET

June, 1917.

506 372 40640

LIABILITIES

CAPITAL STOCK—COMMON	****	\$100,000,000.00
Capital Stock—Affiliated Companies Less: Held in Treasury	\$75,429,500.00 69,482,400.00	5,947,100.00
Five Per Cent. Income Charge Convertible Debenture Stock		25,000,000.00
Funded Debt— Canadian Northern RailwaySchedule "A" Affiliated CompaniesSchedule "B"	162,366,542.20 125,228,878.41	
EQUIPMENT TRUST OBLIGATIONS		287,595,420.61 14,846,500.00
DEMAND AND SHORT TERM LOANS SECURED BY COLLATERAL		56,829,769.51
Due to Other Companies on Construction Account (Secured)		24,341,882.25
CURRENT LIABILITIES— Pay Rolls Audited Vouchers and Other Floating	1,996,062.19	
Liabilities	13,786,946.12	15,783,008.31
Coupon and Dividend Warrants Due on 1st July (since paid)	2,275,855.87	
EQUIPMENT SECURITIES— \$2,396,839.80 Operating \$2,396,839.80 Construction 407,024.09	2,803,863.89	5,079,719.76
RESERVES— Steamship Replacement Fund Equipment Replacement Fund Insurance Account Taxes Accrued	2,050,033.20 1,416,756.51 638,800.27 450,000.00	3,079,719.70
AFFILIATED COMPANIES—ADVANCES ACCOUNT SURPLUS—		4,555,589.98 9,320,714.15
Land Account Railway Account	37,195,355.42 126,590.66	37,321,946.08
		\$586,621,650.65

D. B. HANNA, Third Vice-President.

Auditor's Certificate.

We have examined the books and records of the Canadian Northern Railway System for the year ending 30th June, 1917, and we certify that, in our opinion, the above Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the affairs of the System at that date, as shown by the books and in accordance with the explanations and information given us. WEBB, READ, HEGAN, CALLINGHAM & CO.,

Chartered Accountants

PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT at 30th June, 1917

\$2,770,711.03
97
51
89
2,650,120.37
-
\$126,590.66

INCOME STATEMENT

For the Fiscal Year Ended 30th June, 1917

Earnings	\$41,244,689.58	
Subsidiary Miscellaneous Earnings	2,250,386.98	
		\$43,495,076.56
Working Expenses	30,840,234.17	
Taxes, Rentals, Joint Facilities, etc	509,174.01	
		31,349,408.18
Net Earnings		\$12,145,668.38
Fixed Charges-Canadian Northern Railway	7,690,942.07	
Fixed Charges-Affiliated Companies	5,139,689.87	
Interest on Demand and Short Term Loans	3,720,268.70	
	16,550,900.64	
Less: Amount chargeable to Capital on Construction Account	1,943,095,29	
		14,607,805.35
Net Loss or Deficit		\$2,462,136.97

ACQUIRED SECURITIES

THE MINNESOTA & ONTARIO BRIDGE COMPANY.	
4½% 1st Mortgage Debenture Bonds Capital Stock	\$ 180,000.00 100,000.00
THE MINNESOTA & MANITOBA R.R. 5% General Mortgage Bonds	250,000.00
Capital Stock	400,000.00
LIMITED. 5% Mortgage Gold Bonds	2 000 000 00
Capital Stock	2,000,000.00 500,000.00
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY.	
5% General Mortgage Bonds Capital Stock	2,000,000.00 500,000.00
THE WINNIPEG LAND COMPANY, LIMITED. 5% First Mortgage Gold Bonds	300,000.00
Capital Stock The St. Boniface & Western Land	100,000.00
COMPANY. 5% First Mortgage Bonds	750,000.00
Capital Stock	250,000.00
THE EDMONTON & SLAVE LAKE RAILWAY COMPANY.	
5% First Mortgage Bonds	420,000.00
COMPANY, LIMITED. 4% First Mortgage Gold Bonds, £616,438	3,000,000.00
Capital Stock	1,000,000.00
LIMITED.	
5% First Mortgage Debenture Stock, Sterling £600,000 Capital Stock	2,920,000.00 2,000,000.00
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN SYSTEM TERMINALS, LIMITED.	2,000,000.00
5% First Mortgage Debenture Stock and Bonds	7 000 000 00
Capital Stock	7,000,000.00 2,000,006.00
THE BAY OF QUINTE RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	1,395,000.00
THE CENTRAL ONTARIO RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock.	3,329,000.00
THE BROCKVILLE, WESTPORT & NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.	, ,
THE IRONDALE, BANCROFT & OTTAWA	
RAILWAY COMPANY. 5% First Mortgage Bonds	450,000.00
Capital Stock	53,000.00
Bonds Capital Stock	100,000.00 100,000.00
THE QU'APPELLE, LONG LAKE & SASK. RY. & STEAMBOAT COMPANY.	
Capital Stock	201,000.00

ACQUIRED SECURITIES-Continued

THE NIAGARA, ST. CATHARINES & TORONTO RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	022 000 00	
THE NIAGARA, ST. CATHARINES & TORONTO	922,000.00	
First Mortgage Bonds		
Company. Capital Stock	4,002,800.00	
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	25,000,000.00	
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN ALBERTA RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	3,000,000.00	
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	2,000,000.00	
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN SASKATCHEWAN	2,000,000.00	
RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	1,000,000.00	
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN MANITOBA RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	250,000.00	
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN ONTARIO RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	10,000,000.00	
THE DULUTH, WINNIPEG & PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	3,060,000.00	
THE MOUNT ROYAL TUNNEL & TERMINAL COMPANY, LIMITED. Capital Stock	5,000,000.00	
THE NORTHERN CONSOLIDATED HOLDING COMPANY, LIMITED. Capital Stock Represented by Canadian Northern Quebec Railway Company Capital Stock amounting to \$5,144,600.00.	4,446,700.00	
THE CANADIAN NORTHERN QUEBEC RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	2,000,000.06	
THE HALIFAX & SOUTH WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY. Capital Stock	925,000.00	
THE BESSEMER & BARRY'S BAY RAILWAY		
Capital Stock	125,000.00	\$93,229,500.00
Cost to the Railway Company		
		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

FUNDED DEBT OF THE CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY

Guaranteed as to Principal and Interest by the Dominion Government of Canada.

3% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	Sterling. £1,923,287 1,622,586 3,500,000	Currency. \$ 9,359,996.72 7,896,588.26 17,033,333.33
Guaranteed by Government of	f Manitoba	
4% Consolidated Debenture Bonds	2,555,600	12,436,279.98
4% Ontario Division Bonds	1,180,600	5,745,586.66
4% Winnipeg Terminal Bonds	616,438	3,000,000.00
4% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	587,671	2,859,998.87
Guaranteed by Government of	Saskatchewan	
4% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	1,650,000	8,029,999.99
Guaranteed by Government	of Alberta	
4% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	1,147,945	5,586,665.64
·		
4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock	9,234,867	44,943,019.40
4% Land Grant Bonds (1909)	380,700	1,852,740.01
4% Land Grant Bonds (1899)	300,700	2,000,000.00
5% Land Mortgage Debentures	1,500,000	7,300,000.00
5% Secured Notes	2,000,000	9,733,333.34
5% Secured Notes	450,000	2,190,000.00
5% Two Year Collateral Notes	,	11,500,000.00
5% One Year Secured Notes		2,500,000.00
6% Secured Notes		6,000,000.00
5% One Year Notes		1,750,000.00
4% Minnesota & Manitoba R.R. Bonds		349,000.00
4½% Prince Albert Branch Bonds		300,000.00

FUNDED DEBT OF AFFILIATED COMPANIES

	STERLING.	CURRENCY.
The Canadian Northern Alberta Railway Company		
Guaranteed by the Dominion Government		
31/2% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	£ 647,260	\$3,149,998.66
The Canadian Northern Western		
Railway Company		
Guaranteed by the Government of Alberta	575,342	2,799,997.73
4½% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	1,320,000	6,424,000.00
4½% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	1,320,000	0,424,000.00
The Canadian Northern Pacific Railway Company		
Guaranteed by the Government of British Columbia		
4% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	3,372,329	16,412,001.13
4½% Terminal Debenture Stock	1,770,000	8,614,000.00
The Canadian Northern Ontario Railway Company Guaranteed by the Dominion Government		
3½% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	7,033,561	34,229,996.87
Guaranteed by the Government of Ontario	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	0 1,227,770.07
3½% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	1,615,068	7,859,997.59
4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock	1,866,499	9,083,628.46
The Central Ontario Railway		
Company 5% 1st Mortgage Bonds	194,300	945,593.33
7/0 Ist Mortgage Dollds	174,500	273,320.00
The Bay of Quinte Railway Company		
5% 1st Mortgage Bonds		780,000.00
The Canadian Northern Quebec Railway Company		
4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock	1,078,843	5,250,369.26
Great Northern Ry. of Canada 4% Bonds		3,505,750.00
The Quebec and Lake St. John Railway Company		
4% Perpetual Debenture Stock	895,688	4,359,014.93
The second of th	0,000	1,000,041100

FUNDED DEBT OF AFFILIATED COMPANIES

-Continued

The Duluth, Winnipeg and Pacific	STERLING	CURRENCY
Railway Company 4% 1st Mortgage Debenture Stock	1,473,353	7,170,317.93
Less: Collateral Security to Loan	32,670	158,994.00
	1,440,683	7,011,323.93
Duluth, Rainy Lake and Winnipeg Railway		
5% 1st Mortgage Bonds		2,000,000.00
The Halifax and South Western Railway Company		
3½% 1st Mortgage Bonds		4,447,000.00
The Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway Company		
5% 1st Mortgage Bonds		1,098,000.00
The Qu'Appelle, Long Lake & Saskatchewan Railway and Steamboat Company		
4% Guaranteed Debenture Stock	1,037,961.6.0	5,051,411.66
Less: Treasury Stock	6,549.0.0	31,871.80
	1,031,412.6.0	5,019,539.86
Mount Royal Tunnel & Terminal Company, Limited		
5% 1st Mortgage Bonds	460,000	2,238,666.66
	\$	125,228,878.41

GROSS EARNINGS, OPERATING EXPENSES AND NET EARNINGS

COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR

Gross Earnings

Per Cent.	1916	Class	1917	Per Cent.
17.27 74.87 00.64 02.37 04.85	\$ 6,128,470.76 26,560,213.12 225,718.70 839,557.69 1,722,314.79	Passenger Freight Mails Express Miscellaneous	\$ 7,611,807.94 32,188,799.93 238,978.68 1,096,264.37 2,359,225.64	00.55 02.52
100.00	\$35,476,275.06	Total	\$43,495,076.56	100.00

Operating Expenses

Per Cent.	1916	Class	1917	Per Cent.
22.60	\$ 5,899,540.27	{Maintenance of Way}	\$ 7,160,338.18	
15.69	4,095,745.88	Maintenance of Equipment	4,867,208.64	15.53
02.12	553,075.79	Traffic Expenses	712,809.04	02.27
51.28	13,384,547.71	{ Transportation Expenses }	16,100,826.57	51.36
01.45	379,646.48	Miscellaneous Operations	509,853.69	01.63
06.86	1,790,188.39	General Expenses	1,998,372.06	06.37
100.00	\$26,102,744.52	Total	\$31,349,408.18	100.00

Summary of Earnings and Expenses

Per Cent.	1916	Class	1917	Per Cent.
73.58 26.42	\$35,476,275.06 26,102,744.52 9,373,530.54	Gross Earnings Operating Expenses Net Earnings	\$43,495,076.56 31,349,408.18 12,145,668.38	72.08
100.00				100.00

DESCRIPTION OF FREIGHT CARRIED

		For Year Ended, June 30		
		1917	1916	
Flour	Sacks (100 lbs. each)	8,333,769	7,574,500	
Grain	Bushels	130,720,761	131,978,809	
Live Stock (All kinds)	Head	518,735	488,809	
Logs and Lumber	Feet	2,080,002,000	1,809,565,000	
Firewood	Cords	346,107	286,745	
Coal	Tons	1,940,023	1,741,031	
Immigrants' Effects	Cars	4,696	2,968	
Building Material (Lime, Stone, Brick, Sand, etc.).	Cars	42,340	41,887	
Miscellaneous	Tons	4,237,921	3,722,085	

EARNINGS, EXPENSES AND NET EARNINGS

Year	Average Miles Operated	Earnings	Expenses	Net Earnings
1914-15 1915-16	7,269 8,048	\$25,912,106.30 35,476,275.06	\$19,288,814.42 26,102,744.52	\$6,623,291.88 9,373,530.54
1916-17	9,396	43,495,076.56	31,349,408.18	12,145,668.38

Per Mile Operated

Year	Average Miles Operated	Earnings	Expenses	Net Earnings
1914-15	7,269	\$3,564.74	\$2,653.57	\$ 911.17
1915-16	8,048	4,408.08	3,243.38	1,164.70
1916-17	9,396	4,629.11	3,336.47	1,292.64

Fixed Charges per Mile of Line

	1917	1916	1915
Amount required per mile of Road to pay Fixed Charges, including Leased Lines	1,554.68	1,195.53	1,136.82

PASSENGER, FREIGHT AND MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

COMPARED WITH PREVIOUS FISCAL YEARS

	1917	1916	1915
PASSENGER TRAFFIC Passengers Carried (Earning			
Revenue)	4,443,465	3,859,844	3,961,787
Passengers carried one mile Passengers carried one mile per mile	294,515,612	226,934,368	205,327,011
of Road	31,351 66,280	28,413 58,794	28.486 51.812
Total Passenger Revenue\$	6,273,153.09	5,040,088.82	4,629,581.06
Average amount received per passenger\$	1.41.177	1.30.578	1.16.856
Average amount received per pas- senger per mileCts.	.02.129	.02,229	.02.254
Total Passenger Train Earnings\$	[8,428,992.01	6,715,097.17	5,836,430.85
Passenger Train Earnings per Train Mile \$	1.20.761	1.03.954	.97.269
FREIGHT TRAFFIC Revenue Tons carried	13.984.475	12,930,460	10.088,236
Revenue Tons carried one mile	4,588,734,595	3,842,826,173	2,140,759,693
mile of Road	489,418	481,135	296,998
Average distance haul of one ton Total Freight Revenue\$	328.124 31,360,485.92	297.191 25,929,039.26	212,203 17,645,020,40
Average amount received for each		23,929,039.20	17,045,020.40
ton of Freight\$	2,24,252	2.00.526	1.74.906
Average Revenue per ton per mile	.90,683	.00.675	00.824
Total Freight Train Earnings\$	31,876,052.22	26,266,861.87	17,947,531.60
Freight Train Earnings per Train Mile\$	2.64.344	2.47.963	2.54.264
TRAIN MILEAGE			
Mileage of Passenger Trains	5.010.001	4,262 786	4.091,210
Mileage of Freight Trains	10,043,203	8,396,192	5,149,562
Mileage of Mixed Trains	1,969,884	2,196,870	1,909,071
Total	17,023,088	14,855,848	11, 149,843
EXPENSES PER TRAFFIC TRAIN MILE			
Maintenance of Way and			
StructuresCts.	41.61	39.32	34.89
Maintenance of EquipmentCts. Traffic ExpensesCts.	28.09 04.11	27.10 03.67	25.21 05.00
Transportation ExpensesCts.	92.44	87.98	88.49
Miscellaneous Operations Cts.	02.99	02.56	01.31
General Expenses	11.47	11.77	13.80
Total\$	1.80.71	1.72.40	1.68.70
Average Mileage Operated	9.334	7,987	7.208

Operations of Electric Lines not included in above Statement

EL ECODIC VIVID COLONICS I			
ELECTRIC LINE STATISTIC Passengers Carried (Earning			4
Revenue) Total Passenger Revenue\$	5,924,468	5,524,212	4,889, 8 85
	499,751.79	463,7 3 3,49	426,283.97
Revenue Tons Carried	422,155	422,921	448,533
	275,673.00	260,999.41	228,959.02

SUMMARY OF EQUIPMENT

	At June 30th.	
	1917	1916
Locomotives	735	740
Sleeping and Dining Cars	116	117
Passenger Coaches	624	635
Baggage and Mail and Express Cars	187	190
Business Car	22	22
Freight, Refrigerator and Stock Cars	29,489	29,368
Conductors' Vans	443	454
Boarding, Tool, Auxiliary Cars, Steam Shovels and Snow Equipment	1,520	1,272

MILES OF RAILWAY

The total mileage operated at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1917, including lines owned and leased, was 9,433.4 miles, made up as follows:

CENTRAL DIVISION-WEST OF PORT ARTHUR

District No. 1.		
Port Arthur to Paddington	434.5	
Twin City Junction to North Lake Emerson to South Junction	58.1 71.6	
Janoison to bound junction	72.0	564.2
District No. 2:		
Paddington to Fort Rouge Terminals Paddington Junction to Victoria Beach	4.0 71.7	
Grosse Isle to Hodgson	80.7	
St. James to Gypsumville	156.7	
Steep Rock Junction to Steep Rock	12.0 63.4	
Morris to Somerset	62.2	
Carman Junction to Belmont	118.8	
Greenway to Deloraine	79.7	
		649.2
District No. 3.		
	1756	
Woodward Avenue, Winnipeg, to Dauphin Delta Junction to Delta	175.6 14.8	
Oakland to Amaranth	44.0	
Arizona Junction to Brandon	78.8	
Neepawa Junction to McCreary Junction	70.4	
Brandon Junction to Carberry JunctionRossburn Junction to Ross Junction	22.9 190.6	
Hallboro to Beulah	75.0	
Ochre River to End of Track	15.0	
Wroxton to Willow Brook	41.0	
		728.1
District No. 4.		
•	210 5	
Brandon to C. N. Junction	219.5 139.8	
Luxton to Estevan	24.9	
M. & B. Junction to Hartney Junction	38.0	
Belmont to Virden	91.9	
Radville to Bengough	45.2 85.8	
Gravelbourg Junction to Gravelbourg	78.6	
		723.7
y4 y		26652
Forward	***********	2,665.2

WESTERN DIVISION-WEST OF POR	TARTE	IUK
District No. 1.		
Dauphin to Humbolt	247.3	
North Junction to Prince Albert	360.5	
Sifton Junction to Winnipegosis	20.7	
Thunderhill to Preeceville	72.1	
Hudson Bay Junction to The Pas	87.5	
Hudson Bay Junction to The Pas	21.5	
Canora to Sturgis Junction	21.7	
		831.3
District No. 2.		
Regina to East Prince Albert	249.3	
Saskatoon to Kindersley	126.1	
Saskatoon to Kindersley Delisle to Dunblane	59.4	
Elrose Junction to Eston	84.4	
Humbolt to North Battleford	147.6	
Dalmeny to Carlton	35.8	
Prince Albert to Denholm	116.5	
Shellbrook to Big River	56.5	
Shellorook to Dig Kiver	30.5	875.6
District No. o		0/3.0
District No. 3.	389.2	
North Battleford to Tollerton	55.7	
North Battleford to Turtleford		
Battleford Junction to Battleford	8.0	
Edmonton Junction to Stony Plains	19.4	
St. Albert to Athabasca	85.8	
Edmonton and South Edmonton Terminals	11.1	
Peace River Junction to Sangudo	31.1	
		600.3
District No. 4.		
Kindersley to Calgary	273.4	
Munson Junction to Vegreville	162.1	
Warden to Nordegg	174.0	
Warden to Nordegg Camrose to Terminal Junction	45.8	
Alliance to South East Junction	59.3	
		714.6
PACIFIC DIVISION-WEST OF EDM	IONTON	,
Tollerton to Lucerne	128.9	
Lucerne to Blue River	110.7	
Blue River to Kamloops	142.8	
Kamloops Junction to Boston Bar	125.7	
Boston Bar to Vancouver	132.2	
Victoria to Patricia Bay	15.5	
	-	655.8
ONTARIO DIVISION-EAST OF PORT	ARTHU	JR
Toronto District.		
Toronto to Ottawa	256.8	
Todmorden to Parry Sound	143.4	
Udney to Orillia	10.2	
Brockville to Westport	44.4	
Trenton to Wallace	117.6	
Relman to Cordova	9.6	
Belmar to CordovaOrmsby Junction to Coe Hill	7.2	
Trenton to Picton		
Vorle Divor to Vinnagust Tungian	30.6	
York River to Kinmount Junction	51.0	
Yarker to Bannockburn	54.5 18.6	
Harrowsmith to Kingston	18.0	7420
		743.9
Formunad		7 006 7

Forward		7,086.7
Lake Superior District.		• , • • • • •
Parry Sound to Capreol	127.0	
Key Junction to Key Harbor	127.0 6.2	
Sudbury Innction to Sudbury	5.2	
Sudbury Junction to Sudbury	2.4	
Garson Junction to Garson	3.7	
Capreol to Foleyet	148.3	
Milnet to Sellwood	5.2	
Foleyet to Hornepayne	148.1	
Hornepayne to Jellicoe	150.5 147.9	
Rideau Junction to Brent	157.8	
Brent to Capreol.	144.8	
•		1,047.1
		-,0
QUEBEC DIVISION		
Montreal District.		
Montreal to Quebec (Limoilou Junction)	175.5	
Hurdman to Joliette	124.2	
Rinfret Junction to Huberdeau	45.3	
Paradis Junction to Rawdon	15.9	
Garneau Junction to Shawingan Falls	3.8	
Garneau Junction to Riviere a Fierre Junction	39.8	404.5
		707.5
Lake St. John District.		
Quebec to Lake Edward	111.9	
Lake Edward to Chicoutimi	115.1	
Linton Junction to La Tuque	39.6 12.3	
Chambord Junction to RobervalLoretteville to Stoneham	10.0	
Lorettevine to Stonenam	10.0	288.9
LINES: IN PROVINCE OF NOVA S	COTIA	
Halifax to Yarmouth	248.3	
Mahone Junction to Lunenburg	7.0	
Bridgewater to Port Wade	93.1	
Caledonia Junction to Caledonia	22.1	
	·	370.5
LINES IN STATE OF MINNESOTA	. U.S.A.	
	70.0	
Duluth to North Junction via Virginia	79.0 95.1	
South Junction via West Virginia to Duluth Junc.	95.1	1741
		174.1
ELECTRIC LINES IN PROVINCE OF	ONTAR	RIO.
	014 1111	
Port Dalhousie to Niagara Falls	17.5	
Thorold to Port Colborne	18.6	
Niagara Falls to Falls View	4.6	
St. Catharines to Niagara-on-the-Lake Local Lines at St. Catharines, Thorold and	12.2	
Merriton	8.7	
ATACI I ILUII		61.6
Total Miles		9,433.4
	-	

Forward

Located as follows:

7	
Province of Quebec	
Province of Ontario	
Province of Manitoba	
Province of Saskatchewan	
Province of Alberta	
Province of British Columbia	
State of Minnesota	
Totai Mileage	9,433.4
Average Mileage operated for Fiscal Year 9,396 miles.	

